

TERM 1 OVERVIEW YEAR 6 – English

	Term 1 Book – 'Who Let the G	ods out?'
Topic(s) – Writing a moment in the cano	newspaper report (based on a important/key n book)	Guide Time = 3 weeks
Assessment:	 Ongoing writing assessment using the end of key stage 2 statutory assessment grids as a guide. For this unit on newspaper reports, the focus will be to: Write effectively for a range of purposes and audiences, selecting language that shows good awareness of the reader, with some children drawing effectively on what they have read. Understanding of organisational devices. Select purposeful vocabulary and grammatical structures that reflect what the writing requires, doing this mostly appropriately. For example: Formal style generally but demonstrating a shift to contracted forms in speech (punctuated correctly) to demonstrate informal/chatty style (eye witness accounts) which is necessary for GD. Passive voice to demonstrate an objective tone appropriate for reports. Use of modal verbs to indicate possibility and to draw in the reader opening up the discussion. Use a range of devices to build cohesion within and across paragraphs. Using verb tenses consistently and correctly throughout their writing whilst demonstrating the ability to shift from past to present in the report's conclusion/summing up. Use some of the punctuation for GD – semi-colons/colons 	place of nouns), relative clauses (main clause that describe a noun plus extra information using relative pronoun such as who, which, whose, whom, that) modal
(sequencing)	of many of the features of this style of writing although a newspaper report provides more of a challenge for Y5/6. This unit is best placed at the end of the Autumn term when many key skills will have been	verbs to suggest ambiguity (might, should, could, will)



Links to other learning (cross fertilisation)	revised and new skills learnt as it will provide an opportnity to achieve much of the expected standard objectives as well as some of greater depth ones. This unit will also build on LKS2 skills as well as those introduced in Year 5 such as the use of parenthesis, relative clauses/pronouns, a range of fronted adverbials and modal verbs. Children will be reading the canon book 'Who Let the God's out?' and learning about the Ancient Greeks generally in other subjects over the term. Newspapers and journalism also links to interesting discussions about political bias, 'fake news', social media, democracy etc leading in to PSHE work. Encouarging children to question what they read and see on social media etc. To form opinions. Reading for purpose and productivity lessons will also have some resources that link to these areas. Links bias/opinions and Term 2 writing on balanced arguments and	 How to accurately include eye witness account using: accurate speech punctuation, including the use of inverted commas/correct punctuation/layout at the start and end of speech Linking ideas within and across paragraphs using: adverbials of time (later), place (nearby) so the report is cohesive and flows well. To add extra information/explanation about what is happening in the report using: parenthesis (a word or phrase inserted as an explanation or afterthought), using (),, <u>New Y6 learning</u> To indicate a formal/objective tone using:
Links to future learning	Term 3 canon book, 'Mortal Engines'. The impact of digital technology on print media? Encourages children to be more aware of the world around them, to question media influence, news and politics after understanding fact/opinions/bias/balanced arguments in this topic. Links to high school subjects such as media, history, politics.	 passive voice (through use of object/verb/subject sentence structure), reported/indirect speech (paraphrasing direct speech without quoting) To use verb tenses consistently and correctly using: past at start of report, to present in summary/conclusion
Character/Wider Development ('50 things', cultural capital, skills)	 'Who Let the Gods Out' covers a range of mature themes which children may relate to/empathise with such as ill health, money issues, problems at school and a range of ethical/moral decisions and obligations. Children should be given the opportunity to practise drama, speaking and listening skills by reporting their newspaper reports orally e.g. newsreader etc. Where possible, link to the school's '50 things' – eg. A visit to a newspaper or have a journalist visit school. Visit to the houses of parliament links to political bias, democracy etc. Produce their own school newspaper. 	 To indicate a shift in tone from formal to informal using speech from eyewitness account (contractions didn't etc.) GD Linking ideas across paragraphs using: a wider range of cohesive devices such as repetition of a word or phrase To punctuate sentences correctly using: the full range of higher level punctuation colon/semi-colon:; to mark boundaries between independent clauses.GD Fat Questions: Why do newspapers report the same story differently? How does political bias affect the news?



	How is democracy affected by 'fake news'?
	How does the media and its political bias influence society?

OVERVIEW OF TEACHING SEQUENCE

Key Facts/Learning	Learning Focus or Key Question	Learning Outcomes (NC)	Key Words/ Vocabulary	Greater Depth/SEND	Misconceptions	Activities and Resources
Phase 1: Reading and analysing	To read, analyse, compare and evaluate different newspaper reports. To identify the key features of a newspaper report: layout, structure and language features	Whilst reading a range of newspaper reports pupils will: <u>SL</u> – Participate in discussions, ask relevant questions, listen and respond to comments from peers/adults. Consider and evaluate different viewpoints. <u>Reading</u> – Read and discuss a wide range of fiction/ non-fiction. Identifying themes within a range of writing. Explore meaning and vocabulary of text. Identify how language, structure and	Genre specific vocab: E.g. Journalist, reporter, article, headline, 5W's, orientation, reorientation, eyewitness, by-line, main body, quotes, caption, bias, fact, opinion, chronological order. Grammar/Punctuation vocab: <u>Recap 5</u> Modal verb, relative clause/pronoun, parenthesis, bracket, dash, cohesion, ambiguity.	<u>GD</u> : Have access to WAGOLLs of newspaper reports that have more challenging vocabulary in them and where vocab and grammatical structures have been used purposefully and effectively. Use real newspapers where possible especially to show bias when covering same news story. Ensure that they can identify the effect different literary/language devices have on the	That newspapers all report in the same way. That newspaper reports only include the facts of the story. That not all 'news' comes from a reputable source. That we can trust all newspaper reporting/journalists to tell us just the facts/the truth.	To identify the key features of a myth Read two or more myths (WAGOLLs on Trust drive and examples of current news stories from real newspapers) and discuss what a newspaper report is, identifying the key text features (layout, structure, language features). Create a VIP list to help write their own report. Deepen the Moments: Considering the newspaper reports that you have read so far, which one had the biggest impact on you and why? Be specific in naming the aspects of the report that engaged you the most.
		presentation relate to	Y6 New	reader and why the		



		meaning. Consider impact of language on reader, provide reasons for views. Distinguish between fact and opinion. <u>Writing</u> - Identifying the audience for and purpose of the writing, selecting the appropriate form and using other similar writing as models for their own.	Passive, active, subject, object, colon, semi-colon <u>General vocab:</u> E.g. Layout, structure, features, analyse, compare and contrast, alliteration, pun/play on words, precis	authors chose to use them where they did. Analyse, compare, contrast and evaluate 3 or more newspaper reports with detailed justifications. <u>SEND</u> : Use teacher WAGOLLS/texts with language that is more accessible for reading ability but with support also read some real newspaper reports. Compare and contrast features of 2 reports and with support identify language devices which will need to be included.		To compare and evaluate different myths Use the VIP list created last lesson to analyse, compare and contrast several different reports, identifying the strengths and areas for development of each one. Deepen the Moments: Why are news reports of the same story, different depending on the newspaper they came from? (discuss facts, opinions and political bias/general politics)
Phase 2: a. Planning and gathering ideas	(To now link the work to the text 'Who Let the Gods Out' and the specific part when the main character Elliot releases the evil Daemon of Death, Thanatos into the world. Before planning their report the pupils will have to become familiar with the section	<u>SL</u> – Participate in discussions, ask relevant questions, listen and respond to comments from peers/adults. Use spoken language to develop understanding through exploring ideas. Consider and evaluate different viewpoints.	Grammar/Punctuation vocab: <u>Recap 5</u> Modal verb, relative clause/pronoun, parenthesis, bracket, dash, cohesion, ambiguity. <u>Y6 New</u> Passive, active, subject, object, colon, semi-colon	GD peer coaching to challenge and improve each others' plans. Thesaurus work. To research new areas for learning that need to be included in this work e.g. passive voice	Children often start planning in too much detail. Model how to plan a newspaper report effectively.	To create a detailed plan for a newspaper report. The content for the report will come from the class text – chapter 7, pages 67-84. This will first be summarised and then planning scaffolding sheets can be used/teacher modelling of plan (revise format of newspaper report from previous lessons),



of the text and to have summarised/ written a precis of it so this can form the basis of their report and is a newsworthy/interesting and exciting event)To summarise/precis an event from a text (for use in a newspaper report)To plan out the different parts/sections of a	Reading –Checking that a book makes sense to them, discussing their understanding, reading around tricky vocab. Explore meaning and vocabulary of text. Explain and discuss what they have read. Summarising the main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph, identifying key details. Discuss use of figurative language and	General vocab: E.g. Layout, structure, features, analyse, compare and contrast, alliteration, pun/play on words, precis	SEND: Scaffolding planning sheet. Children use word banks to support. Possible use of small group planning to enable discussion of ideas as support.	depending on how confident pupils are. Check against VIP list/real articles. Peer assessment against VIP's. Use annotated Y6 newspaper report to highlight areas of weakness for pupils, things they would struggle to include as they have not been taught them yet. E.g. passive voice Deepen the moment: Justify why you have included in that part etc.
summary of the text. (It is at this point that more detail about each feature will have to be covered e.g. What makes a good newspaper headline? Alliteration, play on words etc. What needs to go in the	initial ideas, drawing on reading and research where necessary. Precising longer passages. <u>Grammar/Punctuation</u> <u>Y5 recap</u> – use perfect form of verbs, modal verbs, relative clauses, expanded noun			(These will form the basis of the next lessons before the actual drafting stage as the children can't begin to include/use certain features/language devices until they have been taught them.)
introduction? Etc before the children can actually plan their report) Grammar and <u>punctuation stop</u> It is also at this point of the work BEFORE the	phrases, parenthesis. <u>Y6 new learning</u> Recognise vocabulary and structures that are appropriate for formal writing. Using passive verbs to affect the presentation of information in a			



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	drafting process begins	sentence. To				
	that the children will	understand how to use				
	need to have a recap of	colons and semi-				
	their Y5 learning and	colons.				
	be taught their Y6 new					
	learning for GPS.					
	To revise how to use					
	modal verbs, relative					
	clauses, expanded					
	noun phrases,					
	parenthesis.					
	To identify how to use					
	passive voice in writing					
	using object, verb,					
	subject.					
	To identify and use					
	formal vocabulary and					
	sentence structures.					
	To identify how colons					
	and semi-colons are					
	used					
Phase 3: Drafting	To draft the introduction	61	General Y6 ambitious	GD: Children to	That lots of	Droffing cook part of
Phase 5. Drailing		<u>SL</u>				Drafting each part of
	to a newspaper report	Articulate and justify	and adventurous	create an ambitious	description is	newspaper report. Teacher to model at start of
	(The headline and	views, participate in discussions and justify	vocab/spelling Y5/6 Statutory	vocabulary bank related to work for	always a good	lesson each section with
	introduction/orientation	views, use strategies to	spelling list word mats	whole class to use	thing.	children's input to create a
	a summary of what has	build up vocabulary.	e.g. aggressive,	using further	The longer the	class WAGOLL for that
	happened but not in	Reading	ancient, desperate,	reading/thesaurus.	piece of writing the	section. Children then to use
	detail using some of the	Identifying how	disastrous, determined,	Children to use the	better.	this as a starting point but
	5W's – who?, what?,	language and structure	immediately,	VIP lists to	(Less is often more	then to change/improve/make
	when?, where? and	contribute to meaning,	opportunity, sacrifice,	continuously assess	with newspaper	it their own but must keep to
	start of why? although	discuss and evaluate	sufficient etc	progress towards	writing)	structure. Keep the pace slow
	this is can be included	things they have read.	From the key part of	the key features	in thing)	especially for those who are
	in main body of report,	(From WAGOLLS and	the text used for	throughout the	Lots of speech is	struggling. Emphasis on
	along with how? Using	others work)	newspaper report	drafting process and	needed. (eye	quality not quantity.
	their plans but now	Writing	(when Thanatos is	coach others.	witness/first hand	Lots of emphasis on the
	writing it in proper	General	released)	Children to have		grammar and punctuation
						grannar and panotaaton



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	sentences/structure etc	Use organisational and	E.g. Deceit, pitiful,	discussions as	accounts to be used	needed and reminders of the
	and including	presentational devices	huddled, emaciated,	guided GD groups	sparingly for effect)	GPS lessons recently covered
	necessary grammar,	to structure text and to	remnants, crevices,	or 1:1 on Y6 GD		so that all of the areas are
	punctuation, vocab	guide the reader.	ambrosia, immortal,	skills such as	Children can	included in the drafting
	etc.)	Select appropriate	millennia, mournfully,	conscious control	sometimes try to	process.
		grammar and vocab,	manacles,	over levels of	write a lot in one	The activities for the above
	To draft the main body	understanding how	overwhelmed, eternal,	formality,	sitting if they are	lessons should continue with
	to a newspaper report.	choices can change	transformed,	manipulating	excited about their	careful analysis of the
		and enhance meaning.	constellation etc	vocab/grammar to	ideas, but the	WAGOLLs on Trust shared
	(Lots more detail about	Use a range of devices	Use of dictionary and	achieve this, choose	quality can wane	and regular references to the
	why and how it	to build cohesion within	thesaurus as children	appropriate register	the further through	planning format the children
	happened with eye	and across	will build on a basic	for speech and	they get.	created. GPS elements for
	witness/first hand	paragraphs. Assessing	word bank as a class	writing, use HL		whole class teaching should
	accounts/quotes	the effectiveness of	for everyone to use	punctuation	Aim to write a	be continued to be identified
	retelling of events)	their own and others'	each lesson.		section a lesson but	through AfL from the class
		writing. Proposing		SEND: Children to	not continue to the	teacher.
	To draft the	changes to vocabulary,		have opportunities	next section until	
	conclusion/reorientation	grammar and		to discuss ideas	they have checked	Possible Deepen the
	of a newspaper report.	punctuation to enhance		before writing.	and edited. Use the	Moments:
		effects and clarify		Possible peer	WAGOLLs to model	Which elements of the VIP's
	(This ends the retelling	meaning. Ensuring		coaching	expectations of	create the level of formality
	and events and brings	consistent and correct		opportunities. Use	quality and amount.	required of this piece?
	the reader up to date	use of tense		of vocabulary banks		When does the tone of the
	with the story. It moves	throughout a piece of		and sentence		piece change?
	from past tense to	writing, correct subject		openers to support.		When/how does the tense
	present tense.)	and verb agreement.				change?
	,,	Proof-read for spelling				J
	Photo and caption can	and punctuation errors				
	be included at some					
	point.	Grammar/Punctuation				
	'	Y5 recap – use perfect				
		form of verbs, modal				
		verbs, relative clauses,				
		expanded noun				
		phrases, parenthesis.				
		Y6 new learning				
		Recognise vocabulary				
		and structures that are				
		appropriate for formal				
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Phase 4: Editing To edit my newspaper report to include all the VIP's and to improve spelling, punctuation, and grammar. S R R Id Id Id Id Id <th> writing. Using passive voice to affect the presentation of information in a sentence. To investigate and use colons and semicolons. SL Articulate and justify views, participate in discussions, and justify views, use strategies to puild up vocabulary. Reading dentifying how anguage and structure contribute to meaning, discuss and evaluate hings they have read. From WAGOLLS and others work) Mriting Assessing the effectiveness of their pwin and others' writing. Proposing changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to enhance effects and clarify meaning. Ensuring consistent and correct use of tense hroughout a piece of writing, correct subject and verb agreement. </th> <th> coach and support each other in achieving all the VIPS. Teachers to model Y6 GD skills such as tense nined, changes/formal to informal shift, cice, cohesive devices, rt of suitable amount of is such as tense changes/formal to informal shift, cohesive devices, rt of suitable amount of is structure and basic ed, ss, before attempting to al, ully, with more complex devices. mats </th> <th>to include all the VIP's and to improve spelling, punctuation and grammar.or led can ownChildren should have the editing process modelled to them using a WABOLL. This may be done as a separate GPS lesson to allow this lesson for applying those skills to their own text. AfL will determine which GPS/VIPs need further modelling for your class.onlyDeepen the moment: Give specific examples of how you have achieved GD in your work.</th>	 writing. Using passive voice to affect the presentation of information in a sentence. To investigate and use colons and semicolons. SL Articulate and justify views, participate in discussions, and justify views, use strategies to puild up vocabulary. Reading dentifying how anguage and structure contribute to meaning, discuss and evaluate hings they have read. From WAGOLLS and others work) Mriting Assessing the effectiveness of their pwin and others' writing. Proposing changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to enhance effects and clarify meaning. Ensuring consistent and correct use of tense hroughout a piece of writing, correct subject and verb agreement. 	 coach and support each other in achieving all the VIPS. Teachers to model Y6 GD skills such as tense nined, changes/formal to informal shift, cice, cohesive devices, rt of suitable amount of is such as tense changes/formal to informal shift, cohesive devices, rt of suitable amount of is structure and basic ed, ss, before attempting to al, ully, with more complex devices. mats 	to include all the VIP's and to improve spelling, punctuation and grammar.or led can ownChildren should have the editing process modelled to them using a WABOLL. This may be done as a separate GPS lesson to allow this lesson for applying those skills to their own text. AfL will determine which GPS/VIPs need further modelling for your class.onlyDeepen the moment: Give specific examples of how you have achieved GD in your work.
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Phase 5: Publishing/ performing	To publish the final version of my myth. (This is still an opportunity for editing and improving and is not just a handwriting lesson although there must be a focus on correct/consistent letter formation and consistently joined style.)	Writing Assessing the effectiveness of their own and writing. Proposing changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to enhance effects and clarify meaning. Ensuring consistent and correct use of tense throughout a piece of writing, correct subject and verb agreement. Proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors.	General Y6 ambitious and adventurous vocab/spelling Y5/6 Statutory spelling list word mats e.g. aggressive, ancient, desperate, disastrous, determined, immediately, opportunity, sacrifice, sufficient etc From the key part of the text used for newspaper report (when Thanatos is released) E.g. Deceit, pitiful, huddled, emaciated, remnants, crevices, ambrosia, immortal, millennia, mournfully, manacles, overwhelmed, eternal, transformed, constellation etc Use of dictionary and thesaurus as children will build on a basic word bank as a class	Ensure correct letter formation and cursive handwriting, modelling where needed.	That the publishing phase is just handwriting lesson, fully engage with their work as this is when mistakes are still made. Give plenty of time to produce an excellent piece of work that they are proud of.	To publish the final version of my newspaper report Give time for children to copy up their final draft. If possible, allow time for reading aloud and performing parts of their newspaper report to an audience as though a newsreader/on radio.
			will build on a basic			



Context (big picture learning)

Children will write their own newspaper report (Greek myth focus) in the style of the ones they have read in real life newspapers and WAGOLLS.

Reminder - Within this teaching sequence, there should be a weekly SPAG focus lesson/s. The SPAG focus lesson should be determined by each individual school/teacher and planned according to the skills your particular group of children need to revise/develop but the Y6 new learning must be included to ensure they can achieve the end of year expectations and should be taught at the point of having maximum impact in your learning sequence.

Link to resources (xxxxx)

Folder name: Writing a newspaper report

Week 1 L1-5

Week 2 L1-5

Week 3 L1-5