

Waves of Intervention

Pupils may be placed on the Special Educational Needs Register at different stages dependent on their need as per the SEND Code of Practice 2014. Pupils can move through or be removed from the register at any time based on their progress. The emphasis is on outcomes for students and the focus is on what is being offered from the school's own resources to respond to an identified need and to close the learning gap. Schools are required to identify school support as waves of provision – part of a graduated approach to meeting additional needs. Inclusive Quality First Teaching underpins all learning at Wave 1 which is for all students including those with Special Educational Needs. Wave 2 Provision is 'additional to' and usually forms part of small group work interventions for 'some' students. Wave 3 Provision is 'different from' where interventions are on an individual basis.





Area of Need	Universal Wave 1		Targeted Wave 2		Specific Wave 3
Cognition and Learning	 Inclusive Quality First Teaching Adapted curriculum planning In-class LSA support In-class targeted teacher support Increased visual aids / modelling etc Visual timetables Use of writing frames Access to ICT to support learning and presentation Literacy/Vocabulary Mats across the curriculum Spiritual, Moral, Social, Cultural focus in lessons Extra-curricular clubs Whole school reading Transition Processes 	•	Multi-sensory tasks consistently modified to take account of literacy or recording difficulties by Class Teacher, Small Group Work, HLTA, ELSA trained LSAs Focussed strategies for groups/classes Catch up programmes – Literacy and numeracy Reading development In class group support from LSA ICT support for keyboard skills and adapted technological resources Pastoral support	•	Small group or 1:1 literacy/ numeracy intervention Access Arrangements External Agency Support – Educational Psychologist, Specialist Teaching Services, CAMHS, SALT Personalised activities in curriculum areas



 Inclusive Quality First Teaching Visual Support – check lists, literacy/vocabulary mats/books, aide memoirs, small white boards Use of symbols Structured school and classroom routines Visual timetables Inclass support with focus on supporting speech and language ICT – In Print visuals software Effective use of collaborative group work Groups chosen sensitively to take account of and include mixed abilities and strengths of Inclass support with focus on supporting speech and language Individual work on: N Vocabulary Enhancen Social Skills, Emotiona Literacy, Anger Mana Self-Awareness, Mem Literacy, Mathematic Life-skills 	ment, al ngement, nory, cs and n es to take
 Personalised curriculum delivery Certificates home Assemblies reinforcing school ethos School Council After school clubs – sporting, academic, creative and social Staff modelling and reinforcing appropriate behaviour Social Stories/comic strips Whole school INSET with regular reinforcement for all staff Awareness by all staff different particular needs Atter Stoff INISET (Training for staff Awareness by all staff different particular needs <	iated velop al support ries and e support
 reinforcement for all staff Awareness by all staff different Pupil's with sensory perceptual differences seated in the best Speech and Language 	
 Provide reacher rookits and monitor their use and impact Transition Process Sensory kit activities Sensory kit activities Sensory kit activities 	arning agencies



JUNIOR & INFANT SCHOOL					
	 Use of National College / NASEN resources to support staff CPD Liaise with CYP and Parents 	•	Small groups to focus on relationships and communication	•	strategies and approaches in collaboration with the school Referral to Speech, Language and Communication Therapists, Educational Psychologist and to CAMHS
Social, Emotional and Mental Health	 Inclusive Quality First Teaching Whole school and class reward systems promoting positive learning behaviour, reward points and certificates Whole school/Class rules Whole school policy for behaviour management with graduated response linked to waves of provision Break supervision to help manage free/unstructured time Assemblies Time Behaviour management techniques circulated to all staff Transition process Adaptations to class routines 	• • • •	Behaviour and relationships policy Temporary change of work location Temporary use of time out. Teaching anger management and calming techniques Appropriate curriculum to match needs. Suggested Classroom strategies. Whole class strategies and advice to teachers Extra focus on personal and social education, e.g. strategies to manage feelings, skills of friendship, self- awareness, relationships, conflict resolution. Social skills group training Monitoring during unstructured times – Lunch club,		1:1 support for social skills Individual counselling Individual reward system Social skills training Emotional Resilience Anger management Advice from EP / Specialist services Personalised Timetables Learner profiles Parent Meetings Support from External agencies Education Welfare Officer Futures in Mind (CAMHS) Mindfulness



JUNIOR & INFANT SCHOOL			
		• ELSA	
Sensory and Physical	 Staff aware of implications of physical impairment Writing slopes Pencil grips Improved accessibility of building Coloured Paper/overlays Large print Audio Books Awareness of background noise Use of school bulletin to regularly update staff Teacher Toolkits Modifications to buildings e.g. ramps Liaison with parents 	 Additional keyboard skills training Additional fine motor skills practice In class support for supporting access, safety Handwriting practice Extra time to complete tasks LSA Support 	 Physical Difficulties or Medical Conditions External Agency Involvement – Sensory Support Hearing and Vision, Range of hospitals and medical staff Adapting materials for pupils with co-ordination difficulties Advice and/or support from an Occupational Therapist Advice and/or support from a Physiotherapist Advice & strategies for all staff. Individual support in class Use of appropriate resources